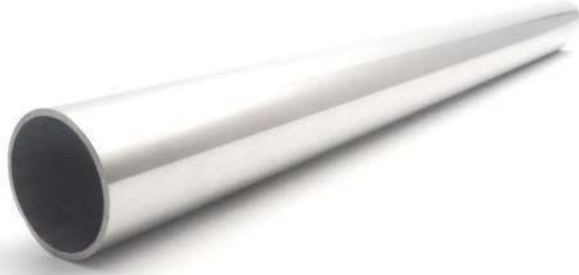


STAINLESS STEEL PIPE WEIGHT CHART AND DIMENSIONS

SS Pipe Dimensions

SS pipe weight chart is used to calculate the weight of different graded stainless steel pipe weights. The weight is calculated by the multiplication of the volume of the stainless steel material by the density of the particular material. The chart is used in calculating the weight of an application system before building up the system.



These dimensions are applicable for all SS Pipe grades including ASTM A312 TP304L, TP316, TP316L, TP321, TP321H, TP347H, TP347, TP310S, TP304H, SS202, SS410, SS317L, SS310, SS316 and other 200, 300 & 400 series seamless pipes & tubes.

The **ss pipe size chart** shows the different sizes of different pipe materials and standards. There are lengths, outer diameters and wall thicknesses of various specifications, standards and grades of stainless steel pipes. The **ss pipe sizes** range from standard to standard. For example, the ASME B16.5 standard covers

the pipes from 1/2 inch to 24 inches in outer diameter. The ASME B16.9 covers the outer diameters ranging from 26 inches to 60 inches, but these are for flanges. The **ss pipe sizes in mm** can be converted to inches by dividing the length value by 25.4 and it could be converted from inches to mm vice versa.

ASA/ASME/ANSI B36.19 Stainless Steel Pipe Dimensions and Weight Chart

Nominal Bore Chart		Outside Diameter (O.D) mm	Schedule 5S		Schedule 10S		Schedule 40S		Schedule 80S		Schedule 160S		Schedule XXS	
mm	inches		Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)	Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)	Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)	Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)	Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)	Wt mm	Weight (Kg./mt)
3	1/8	10.3	1.24	00.276	1.24	00.28	1.73	00.37	2.41	00.47	-	-	-	-
6	1/4	13.7	1.24	00.390	1.65	00.49	2.24	00.631	3.02	00.80	-	-	-	-
10	3/8	17.1	1.24	00.490	1.65	00.63	2.31	00.845	3.20	1.10	-	-	-	-
15	1/2	21.3	1.65	00.800	2.11	1.00	2.77	1.27	3.75	1.62	4.75	1.94	7.47	2.55
20	3/4	26.7	1.65	1.03	2.11	1.28	2.87	1.68	3.91	2.20	5.54	2.89	7.82	3.63
25	1	33.4	1.65	1.30	2.77	2.09	3.38	2.50	4.55	3.24	6.35	4.24	9.09	5.45
32	1 1/4	42.2	1.65	1.65	2.77	2.70	3.56	3.38	4.85	4.47	6.35	5.61	9.70	7.77
40	1 1/2	48.3	1.65	1.91	2.77	3.11	3.68	4.05	5.08	5.41	7.14	7.25	10.16	9.54
50	2	60.3	1.65	2.40	2.77	3.93	3.91	5.44	5.54	7.48	8.74	11.1	11.07	13.44
65	2 1/2	73.00	2.11	3.69	3.05	5.26	5.16	8.63	7.01	11.4	9.53	14.9	14.2	20.39
80	3	88.9	2.11	4.51	3.05	6.45	5.49	11.30	7.62	15.2	11.1	21.3	15.24	27.65
100	4	114.3	2.11	5.84	3.05	8.36	6.02	16.07	8.56	22.3	13.49	33.54	17.12	41.03
125	5	141.3	2.77	9.47	3.40	11.57	6.55	21.8	9.53	31.97	15.88	49.11	19.05	57.43
150	6	168.3	2.77	11.32	3.40	13.84	7.11	28.3	10.97	42.7	18.2	67.56	21.95	79.22
200	8	219.1	2.77	14.79	3.76	19.96	8.18	42.6	12.7	64.6	23.0	111.2	22.23	107.8
250	10	273.1	3.40	22.63	4.19	27.78	9.27	60.5	12.7	96.0	28.6	172.4	25.40	155.15
300	12	323.9	3.96	31.25	4.57	36.00	9.52	73.88	12.7	132.0	33.32	238.76	25.40	186.97
350	14	355.6	3.96	34.36	4.78	41.3	11.13	94.59	19.05	158.08	35.71	281.70	-	-
400	16	406.4	4.19	41.56	4.78	47.29	12.7	123.30	21.41	203.33	40.46	365.11	-	-
450	18	457.2	4.19	46.80	4.78	53.42	14.27	155.80	23.8	254.36	45.71	466.40	-	-
500	20	508.0	4.78	59.25	5.54	68.71	15.09	183.42	26.19	311.2	49.99	564.68	-	-
600	24	609.6	5.54	82.47	6.35	94.45	17.48	255.41	30.96	442.08	59.54	808.22	-	-

What is so essential regarding stainless-steel pipe weight chart?

The **stainless pipe size schedules** are there to give a combination of wall thicknesses and pipe outer diameters so that the coordination provides a degree of pressure capacity. The **stainless steel pipe dimensions** correspond to the pressure capacities. The pressure capacities are governed by the pressure classes such as 150, 300, 600, 2500 and by the PN6, up to PN64 pressure classes etc. The pressure classes help to determine which grade and dimensions of pipes are to be applied in specific applications. You can check our **stainless steel pipe weight chart** to know how heavy your applications would be or how heavy the pipes would weigh.

The calculation involves calculating the volume of stainless steel in a pipe. This can be done manually by taking the thickness of the pipe, the perimeter of the pipe diameter and then the length of the pipe and multiplying all these values by the density of the stainless steel material. Each grade of stainless steel has a different density. The weight chart makes it easy and provides you with accurate calculations. The **ss erw pipe pressure rating** depends on the wall thickness, diameter and the grade of stainless steel as well. Our **ss seamless pipe weight** chart will help you to understand the different weights caused by the different material and dimensions of pipes. This information is much useful for transportation of the stainless steel pipes. Please check the tables below for the charts.

Stainless Steel Pipe and Tubing ASTM Specification & Tolerances

Specification	Allowable Outside Diameter Variation in mm			Allowable Wall Thickness Variation		Exact Length Tolerance in mm		Testing
	Nominal Diameter	Over	Under	%Over	%Under	Over	Under	
ASTMA213/ASMESA213 Seamless Boiler Superheater and Heat Exchanger Tubes	Under 25.4	.1016	.1016	+20	-0	3.175	0	Flattening Test
	25.4-38.1 incl.	.1524	.1524	+22	-0	3.175	0	Tension Test
	38.1-50.8 excl.	.2032	.2032	+22	-0	3.176	0	Flare Test
	50.8-63.5 excl.	.254	.254	+2	-0	4.46	0	Hardness Test
	63.5-76.2 excl.	.3048	.3048	+22	-0	4.76	0	100% Hydrostatic Test
	76.2-101.6 incl.	.381	.381	+22	-0	4.76	0	Refer to ASTM A450/SA450
ASTMA249/ASMESA249 Welded Boiler Superheater, Heat Exchanger And Condenser Tubes	Under 25.4	.1016	.1016	+10	-10	3.175	0	Tension Test
	25.4-38.1 incl.	.1524	.1524	+10	-10	3.175	0	Flattening Test
	38.1-50.8 excl.	.2032	.2032	+10	-10	3.175	0	Flange Test
	50.0-63.5 excl.	.254	.254	+10	-10	4.762	0	Reverse Bend Test
	63.5-76.2 excl.	.3848	.3848	+10	-10	4.762	0	Hardness Test
	76.2-101.6 incl.	.381	.381	+10	-10	4.762	0	100% Hydrostatic Test Refer to ASTM A450/SA 450
ASTMA269/ASMESA269 Seamless & Welded Tubing for General Service	Up to 12.7	.13	.13	+15	-15	3.2	0	Flare Test (Seamless Only)
	12.7-38.1 excl.	.13	.13	+10	-10	3.2	0	Flange Test (Welded Only)
	38.1-88.9 excl.	.25	.25	+10	-10	4.8	0	Hardness Test
	88.9-139.7 excl.	.38	.38	+10	-10	4.8	0	Reverse Flattening Test
	139.7-203.2 excl.	.76	.76	+10	-10	4.8	0	(Welded only) 100% Hydrostatic Test Refer to ASTM A269/SA 269
ASTMA270/ASMESA270 Seamless & Welded Sanitary Tubing	25.4	.05	.20	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	Reverse flattening Test
	38.1	.05	.20	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	100% Hydrostatic Test
	50.8	.05	.28	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	External polish on all tubes
	60.5	.05	.28	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	Refer to ASTM A270/SA270
	76.2	.08	.30	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	
	101.6	.08	.38	+10.0	-10.0	3.2	0	
ASTMA312/ASMESA312 Seamless & Welded pipes	3.175-38.1 incl.	.4	.79	Minimum Wall 12.5% under nominal wall Specified		6.40	0	Tension Test
	38.1-101.6 incl.	.79	.79			6.40	0	Flattening Test
	101.6-203.2 incl.	1.59	.79			6.40	0	100% Hydrostatic Test
						(Normally Random Lengths ordered)		Refer to ASTM A530/SA530
ASTMA358/ASMESA358 Welded pipes	219.08-750mm or 0.01 inch	+0.5%		-0.3		6.0		Refer to ASTM A530/SA 530

Stainless Steel Square Pipe & Tubing dimensions and weight chart

Size Range	Thickness	Weight Kg/Metre
20X20	2	1.11
25X25	2	1.43
25X25	2.5	1.74
25X25	3	2.04
30X30	2	1.74
30X30	2.5	2.14s
30X30	3	2.51s
30X30	3.2	2.65s
40X40	2	2.37s
40X40	2.5	2.92s
40X40	3	3.45s
40X40	4	4.46s
40X40	5	5.40s
50X50	2	3.00s
50X50	2.5	3.71s
50X50	3	4.39s
50X50	4	5.72s
50X50	5	6.97
50X50	6	8.20s

50X50	8	10.50s
60X60	3	5.34
60X60	3.2	5.67s
60X60	3.6	6.34
60X60	4	6.97
60X60	5	8.54
70X70	2.5	5.28
70X70	3	6.28
70X70	3.5	7.25
70X70	3.6	7.46
70X70	4	8.23
70X70	5	10.10
70X70	8	15.29
70X70	10	19.13
80X80	3	7.22
80X80	3.5	8.35
80X80	3.6	8.59
80X80	4	9.48
80X80	5	11.70
80X80	6	13.80
80X80	6.3	14.40
80X80	8	17.83
80X80	10	21.88
90X90	3	8.16
90X90	3.5	9.45
90X90	3.6	9.72
90X90	4	10.70
90X90	5	13.30
90X90	6	15.70
90X90	6.3	16.40
90X90	8	20.32
90X90	10	25.53
100X100	3	9.10
100X100	4	12.00
100X100	5	14.80
100X100	6	17.60
100X100	6.3	18.40
100X100	8	22.90
100X100	10	27.86
100X100	12	33.44
120X120	4	14.50
120X120	5	18.00
120X120	6	21.30
120X120	6.3	22.30
120X120	8	27.90
120X120	10	34.13
120X120	12	39.94
120X120	16	54.64
140X140	6	25.97
140X140	8	32.89
140X140	10	41.15
150X150	4	18.30
150X150	5	22.70
150X150	6	27.00
150X150	6.3	28.30
150X150	8	35.40
150X150	10	43.47
150X150	12	53.48
150X150	16	65.05
160X160	6	27.39
160X160	8	36.90
160X160	10	46.88
180X180	5	27.97
180X180	6	33.26
180X180	8	43.00
180X180	10	53.00
180X180	12	61.01
180X180	12.5	65.20
180X180	16	81.30
200X200	5	31.18
200X200	6	37.09
200X200	8	48.00

200X200	10	59.30
200X200	12	68.84
200X200	12.5	73.00
200X200	16	90.91
250X250	6	46.83
250X250	8	60.50
250X250	10	75.00
250X250	12	88.45
250X250	12.5	92.70
250X250	16	111.48
300X300	6	55.30
300X300	8	74.18
300X300	10	90.70
300X300	12	108.68
300X300	12.5	112.00
300X300	16	141.84
350X350	10	105.93
350X350	12	126.74
350X350	16	166.94
400X400	8	97.56
400X400	10	121.95
400X400	12	151.97
400X400	16	191.94

Stainless Steel Elliptical and oval tube sizes

Sizes	S/SGrade304			S/SGrade316		
	Wallthickness			Wallthickness		
	1.5mm	2.0mm	3.0mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	3.0mm
21 x16	✓			✓		
32 x16	✓	✓		✓	✓	
49 x24.5	✓	✓		✓		
50 x38		✓			✓	
65 x32						
65 x33		✓			✓	
70 x35						
72 x26.5	✓			✓		
75 x25						
78 x39	✓	✓		✓	✓	
90 x45		✓			✓	
90 x60			✓			✓
98 x50						
103x51						
129x70		✓	✓			
130x66						
146x76		✓			✓	
162x83						
164x87		✓			✓	
197x103		✓			✓	

How to calculate weight of schedule 40 stainless steel pipe per Meter?

There are two ways for calculating the weight of Schedule 40 stainless steel - either by comparing the parameters based on the weight chart or by using the weight formula. The formula is:

$$P = t(D-t) * C$$

Here, D is the external diameter specified according to the pipe chosen and is measured in inches. t represents the wall thickness of the tube and is expressed usually in mm or inches. C has a static value of 0.02466 as per the SI units and 10.69 according to USC units. The weight of the Schedule 40 stainless steel is expressed in kg/m and lb/ft based on the measurement class being used.

Difference between Schedule 10, SCH 20 and SCH 40 pipe

The schedule of pipes determines the extent of their wall thickness. Therefore, Schedule 10, 20, and 40 pipes can be differentiated based on how thick the pipe wall is. SCH 10 pipes are much thinner in comparison to SCH 20 and SCH 40 pipes. The exact wall thickness will vary from one pipe to another, even though the chosen products have SCH 40 or SCH 20 rating. Therefore, it is imperative for you to verify the actual thickness and then decide which schedule value will be suitable for you. Another factor that has an impact of the pipe schedule is the length like 1" pipe with SCH 40 will have different wall thickness as compared to a 2" SCH 40 pipe.

Stainless Steel pipe standard sizes and thickness

The stainless steel pipes are usually rated based on the ANSI or ASME 36.19M standards. The sizes of these pipes vary between 1/8 inches and 12 inches. As for the wall thickness, the values are divided as per the Schedule being chose. For example, SCH 10 pipes have thickness range from 1.25 mm to 4.58 mm. Similarly, if the SCH 40 pipes are considered, their wall thickness will vary between 1.73mm to 9.53mm. Hence, the application of the pipes is based on the SCH it has been rated for and hence, it's important to consider size and thickness both as per the ASME chart.

What is ANSI B36.19?

ANSI B36.19 is a standard used to define pipes made from stainless steel by using both welded and seamless method. Using this standard, several attributes of the pipes can be determined like the size measured in inches, the Schedule No, the length of the outside diameter. Another two most important factors that can be determined using the chart provided under this ANSI standard are the wall thickness and the internal diameter. Also, under this standard compliance and regulations, four wall thickness grades are determined namely the SCH 5, SCH 10, SCH 40, and SCH 80.

What is Nominal Bore and outside Diameter in Stainless Steel Pipes and Tubes?

At the time of rating the pipes or determining the dependent attributes like tolerance level, pressure levels, and so on, the two most important factors that one needs to consider are the nominal bore and the outside diameter. The outside diameter or OD is represented in mm or inches and expresses the entire diameter measured in accordance with the external circumference of the cross sectional area. As for the nominal bore, it determines the inner diameter of the stainless steel pipes and tubes. It is also measured in mm or inches and depends of the thickness of the walls.

What is the meaning of stainless steel pipe gauge?

Stainless steel pipe gauge is used for determining the wall thickness. This particular attribute is represented in normal numbers like 5, 10, 20, 40, and more. Based on these numbers, the wall thickness of the pipes and tubes are measured. For example, a pipe with gauge number of 40 may have a wall thickness of 1.67mm or 1.97mm depending on the external and internal diameters. Higher the gauge number, less will be the wall thickness and more will be the bore or OD. Also, lower gauge pipes are stronger and more durable as compared to pipes with high gauge rating.

OD tolerance for stainless steel pipe

The stainless steel pipes are usually rated based on the ANSI or ASME 36.19M standards. The sizes of these pipes vary between 1/8 inches and 12 inches. As for the wall thickness, the values are divided as per the Schedule being chose. For example, SCH 10 pipes have thickness range from 1.25 mm to 4.58 mm. Similarly, if the SCH 40 pipes are considered, their wall thickness will vary between 1.73mm to 9.53 mm. Hence, the application of the pipes is based on the SCH it has been rated for and hence, it's important to consider size and thickness both as per the ASME chart.

Standard pipe size tolerance

The ASME standard 999 is considered for calculating the tolerance level of the pipes. According to this, the stainless steel pipes usually have an under tolerance of -0.031" for all OD measurements. However, when the over tolerance is considered, the value will increase with the external diameter of the pipes.

Pipe thickness tolerance as per ASME

It is very difficult to determine what could be the actual thickness of the stainless steel pipes based on the bore and external diameter. Hence, it is important to consider both these parameters together and compare them with the standard ASME 999 chart for having the exact knowledge about the thickness. Furthermore, if we consider these seamless pipes, their actual thickness deviates from the set value by 12.5%.

ASTM standard for steel tube

For ensuring that all the steel tube manufacturers are on the same ground, eight compliance and regulatory standards have been introduced in the ASTM category. Based on these categorisation, one can understand the physical and chemical attributes of the concerned steel tube with ease.

The eight main ASTM standards are as follows:

- ASTM A213 tubes have 1/8 inch thick walls with maximum inner diameter being 5 inches and OD being 0.5 inches.
- ASTM A249 steel tubes are welded and usually used in boilers, heaters, conductors, and more.
- ASTM A269 tubes can be subjected to different temperature classifications with ease since they have a wall thickness of 1/4 inches
- ASTM A270 is used to denote both seamless and welded steel tubes with a grade of TP304, 316L, and the 316 grades.
- ASTM A312 is used in food and dairy industry with tubes being made from both welding and seamless method.

- ASTM A511 tubes are specifically made to tolerate high and extreme temperatures with ease. One can find both hot and cold finishing.
- ASTM A554 determines the welded stainless steel tubes that are used for mechanical and structural purposes.
- ASTM A778 tubes are made from welding the alloy without any annealing. They have an outside diameter of about 4 inches.

304 stainless steel pipe specifications

The stainless steel pipes with the 304 rating is one of the most used materials in different market. Commercially, it is known as the 18/8 stainless steel which means that the nickel percentage present in this alloy is approximately 80%. Following are the main specifications of the tubes having the ASTM 304 grade:

- They have a tensile strength of approximately 515 MPa
- They yield strength is roughly about 205 MPa
- It can be elongated by 35% minimum
- The hardness of the 304 stainless steel pipe is about 90 HRB in the Rockwell category
- For Brinell system, the hardness of these pipes is around 192 HB maximum.
- The EN numbers for this grade of stainless steel is 1.4306 and 1.4301
- DIN standards are rated for X2 CrNi1911*, and X5 CrNi1810*
- Density of the 304 stainless steel is 7.93 kg/dm³
- The thermal conductivity of this stainless steel grade is approximately around 16.2 W/mK measured at 100-degrees while for 500-degrees, the conductivity increases to 21.5 W/m.K.
- It also has electrical resistivity around 720 nW.m

Due to all these amazing specifications, the stainless steel is used for several applications, starting from heat exchangers, petrochemical equipment pieces, nuclear power machinery, and so on.

What is the difference in sizes of stainless steel seamless and welded pipes?

In the seamless tubes, a single material sheet is rolled up to form the long cylinder while in the welded tubes, you will find that their lengths are joined together and hence, there will be a lot of seams throughout the total length of the pipes. Due to the differences in construction processes and physical and chemical attributes, the seamless and welded stainless steel pipes have different sizes. For example, the seamless pipes will come with the external diameter of 20 inches while that of the welded one will be approximately about 16 inches.

Major difference in dimensions of ASTM A312 stainless Steel Pipes and as per A312 tube dimensions

If stainless steel pipes having the 312 gauge rating is considered, there are two different ASTM standards- the A312 and SA312. Due to the differences in the standards, the dimensions of stainless pipes will also differ. The tensile strength of the A312 pipes is about 485 MPa and yield strength is about 170 MPa minimum. As for the elongation, it is rated at 35% minimum. It will further vary in accordance with the welded and seamless tubes because of the differences in the manufacturing, the presence of seams, and wall thickness.

DIN standard for stainless steel pipes

For making sure that the dimensions of the stainless steel pipes are intact and universal, irrespective of the manufacturer, ISO has introduced the DIN EN ISO 1127 standard. This particular standard consists of all dimensions specifications mentioned in the DIN 2462 describing seamless pipes and DIN 2463 determining the welded stainless steel tubes. Under this DIN 1127, the three main factors which are defined properly are the total length of the tubes, other sizing dimensions, and also the limit allowances.

When the outer diameter is concerned, there are four D-group classifications like:

- D1 with a tolerance of +/- 1.5% and a minimum diameter of +/- 0.75 mm
- D1 with a tolerance of +/- 1% and a minimum diameter of +/- 0.5 mm
- D1 with a tolerance of +/- 0.75% and a minimum diameter of +/- 0.3 mm
- D1 with a tolerance of +/- 0.5% and a minimum diameter of +/- 0.1 mm

As far as the wall thickness is considered, there are five standard values which are as follows:

- T1 with +/- 15% tolerance and a minimum value of +/- 0.6 mm
- T1 with +/- 12.5% tolerance and a minimum value of +/- 0.4 mm
- T1 with +/- 10% tolerance and a minimum value of +/- 0.2 mm
- T1 with +/- 7.5% tolerance and a minimum value of +/- 0.15 mm
- T1 with +/- 5% tolerance and a minimum value of +/- 0.1 mm